

# Long-term Transformational Agricultural Change in Rural Ontario

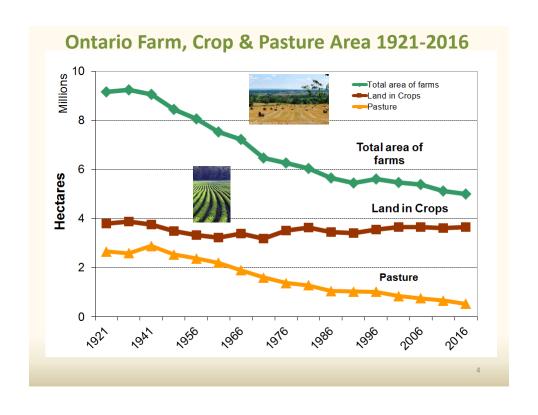
Paul Smith

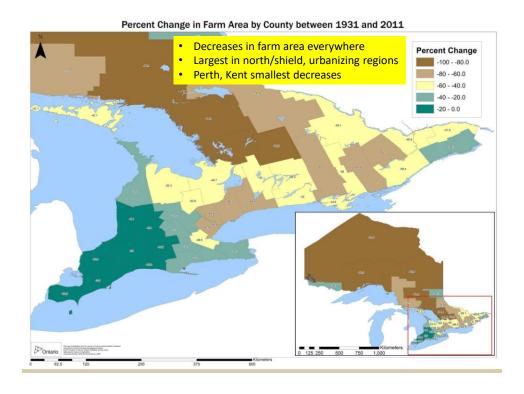


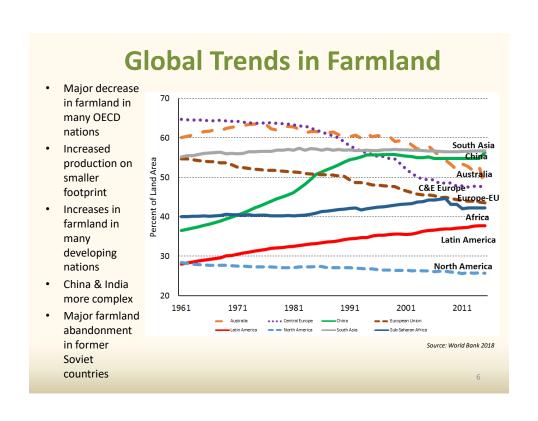
**Outline** 

- Long-term trends in agricultural land use and agrienvironmental variables.
- Use the data to tell the story of change in rural Ontario.
- Compare with change in other provinces, US, Europe and beyond where data available.
- Inform evidence-based agri-environmental policy.
- Variety of data: Census, fertilizer sales, pesticide survey, stewardship statistics
- Variety of time frames depending on data set, e.g. 1826-2016, 1976-2016

#### Ontario Farm Area 1826-2016 **First Nations** 10 agriculture significant precontact Post-contact 8 growth of agriculture to 1931 Hectares 45.9% drop in 6 farm area 1931-2016 10.1% to 5.6% of Ontario area 61% to 35% of southern Ontario 2 Continued small Area of Farms declines in farm area -Area in Crops & Pasture Remarkable production 1850 1875 1900 1925 1950 2000 1825 1975 boosts Change in fuel sources **Treaties** Mechanization Population shift to urban

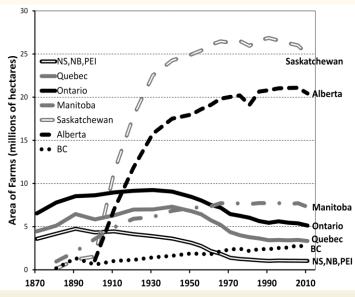






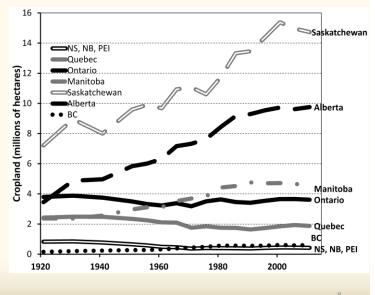
#### **Farm Area Trends - Provinces**

- Distinct eastern
   + western
   patterns
- Earlier eastern peaks in early 20<sup>th</sup> century
- Western peaks in late 20<sup>th</sup> century
- Similar in USA
- Reflects colonial history
- Major decrease in farm area & cropland in many OECD nations
- Increases in developing nations



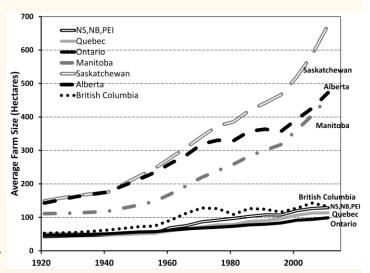
## **Cropland Trends - Provinces**

- Distinct eastern
   + western
   patterns
- Stable or declining in east
- Western peaks in late 20<sup>th</sup> century
- Similar to Farm Area trends



#### **Average Farm Size Trends - Provinces**

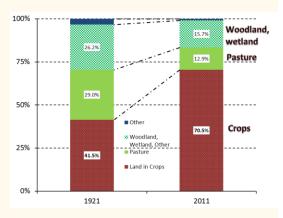
- Farm size often discussed
- Size is of limited value in overall trends
- Ontario has smallest AVERAGE farm size, except NL
- Similar to farm size in NE USA and UK
- Economic phenomenon across all sectors
- Masks trends by sector

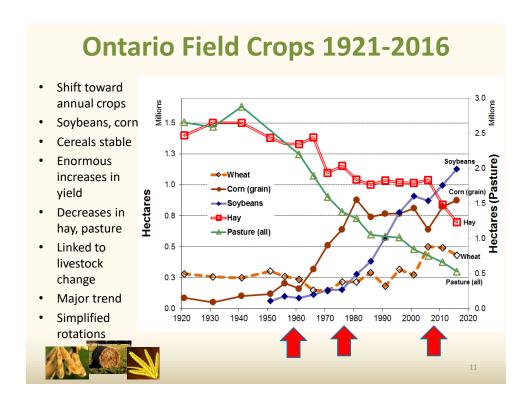


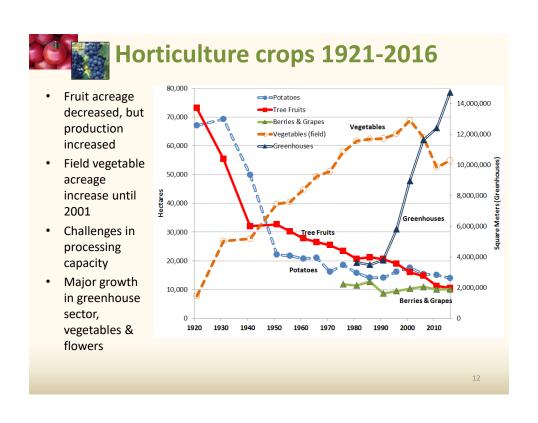
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#### **Change in Farm Land Use**

- 1921-2011 large shift in composition of farmland
  - More crops, less pasture, woods & wetland
- Mechanization, fuel switching a significant factor
- Decreases in relative amount of woodland & wetland on farms
- Not necessarily loss of the habitat
- More forest now overall, especially north, east & central
- Shift in who owns these nonproduction lands
- Large growth in non-farm rural landowners

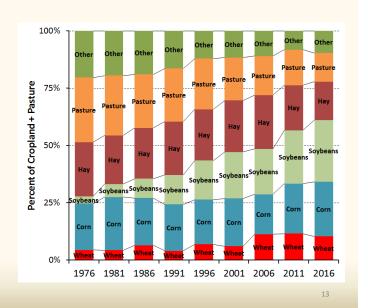






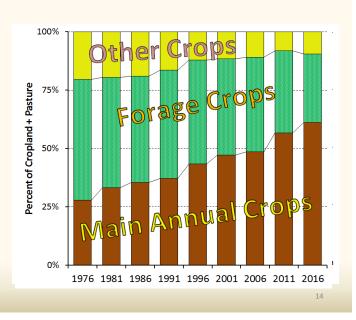
#### Crop Diversity 1976-2016

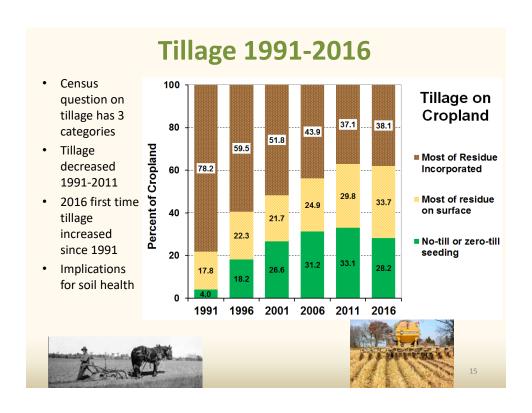
- Shift toward annual crops
- · Soybeans, corn
- · Cereals stable
- 3 annual crops change from 28% to 61% of land 1976-2016
- Simplified rotations
- Fewer crops in rotations
- Decreases in hay, pasture
- Linked to livestock change
- Major trend

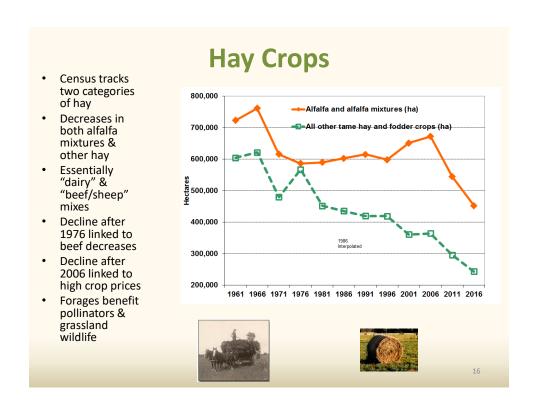


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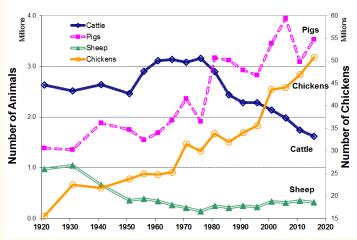






#### Change in Livestock 1921-2016

- Since 1976, decreases in cattle numbers, dairy & beef
- Production increases
- East to west shift in Canada in beef
- Major change
- Less hay, pasture, manure
- Ongoing increases in poultry
- Cyclical changes in pig numbers
- Reduced manure

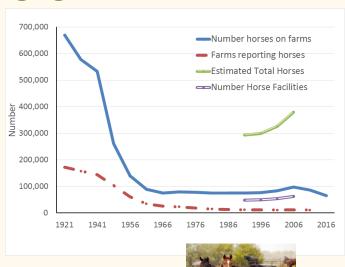


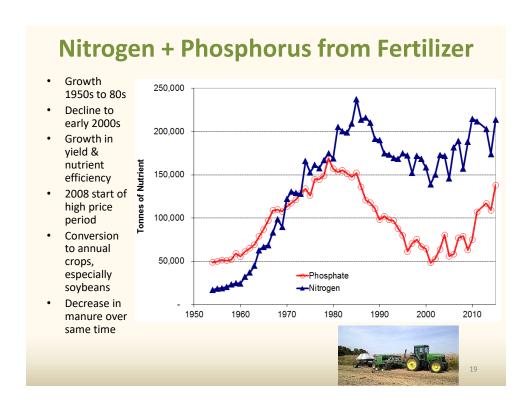


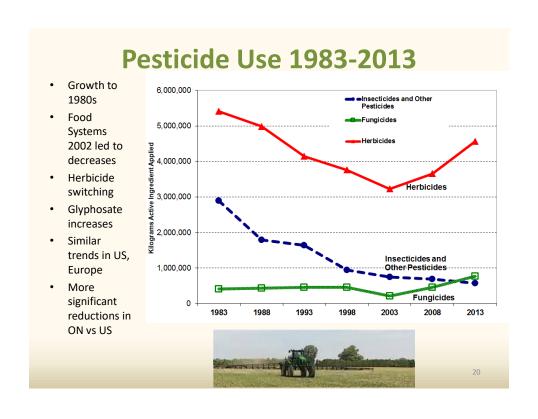
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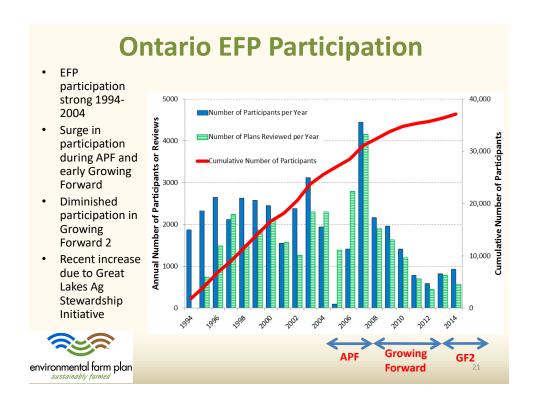
## **Changing Horse numbers**

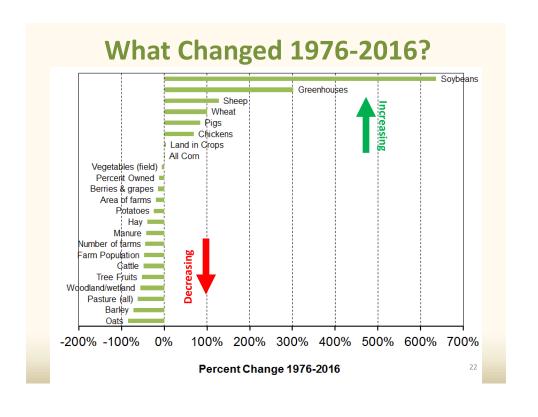
- Census records horses on farms
- Large decreases with mechanization
- 2016 census
   64,536 horses
- Recreational use of horses
- Estimates of total numbers of horses 230,000-380,000 (2006)
- Concentrated in urban fringe











#### **Key Findings**

- Long-term decrease in overall area of agriculture in Ontario (-45.9%, 1931-2016)
- From 10.1% to 5.6% of Ontario area 1931-2011 (61% to 35% of southern Ontario)
- Stable area of cropland, increase in annual cropping, decrease in forages (-50% hay, -80% pasture; 1921-2016).
- Decrease in cattle (-34%), increases in chicken & hogs
- >1970s, agri-environmental stewardship increased, some environmental risks decreased, reduced pesticide use (-45%), phosphorus fertilizer (-30%) & manure volumes (-43%).
- Ontario trends unique, differing considerably from western Canada, some similarities with other eastern provinces, the mid-west and eastern US and other developed countries.

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#### **Published Research**

- Open access publication
- Source: Smith, Paul G. R. 2015. "Long-Term Temporal Trends in Agri-Environmental and Agricultural Land Use in Ontario, Canada: Transformation, Transition and Significance," Journal of Geography and Geology, 7: 32-55.
- www.ccsenet.org/journal/index.php/jgg/article/v iew/47706